

## FINAL EXAM Practice Problems ANSWERS

1. C (Other choices depend on wave nature of light)

2. D

3. D (  $\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-0.86^2}} = 1.96$     $L = \frac{L_0}{\gamma} = \frac{1m}{1.96} = 0.51m$  )

4. C (  $E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda} = \frac{1240eV}{155nm} = 8eV$  )

5. A

6. B (  $K_{\max} = hf - \phi = 8eV - 6.35eV = 1.65eV$  )

7. B (  $\Delta\lambda = \frac{h}{mc} (1 - \cos \theta) = 5.952 \times 10^{-4} \text{ nm}$  )

8. D (  $\lambda_{\text{deBroglie}} = h/p$  )

9. C (  $\Delta x \sim \frac{h}{\Delta p} = \frac{h}{m\Delta v} \rightarrow$  particle with the lesser mass has the greater uncertainty in position )

10. C

11. A

12. D (Convex mirror has a negative focal length. Using the mirror equation, we have

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} \rightarrow \frac{1}{-30} = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{q} \rightarrow q = -15. \quad q < 0, \text{ so image is virtual, i.e. behind the mirror) }$$

13. B. (Use lensmaker's equation,  $\frac{1}{f} = (n-1)\left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2}\right)$  with  $n = 1.5$ ,  $R_1 = 5 \text{ cm}$ ,  $R_2 = \text{infinity}$ )

14. A [Convex mirror is diverging ("convenience store security mirror"). Diverging mirrors and diverging lenses cannot form real images.]

15. C (  $B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} \rightarrow I = \frac{2RB}{\mu_0}$  . Must convert R to meters.)