

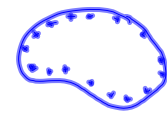





**EXAM 1**  
 Electron Volt  
  
 Potential energy between 'A' & 'B'  
 $= V_{AB} q$   
 = 1 electron Volt if:  
 $V_{AB} = 1 \text{ volt} \ \& \ q = e$   
 $e = \text{charge on electron}$   
 $= 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ Coulombs}$   
 Ex  
  
 $E_k = Vq$   
 $= 6 \text{ volts} \times 15e$   
 $= 90 \text{ eV}$   
 $= 6 \text{ volts} \times 15 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$   
 $= (90 \cdot 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) \text{ J}$   
 Joule = 1 Volt x 1 Coulomb

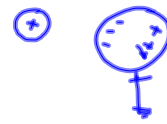
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Electric Field in a Conductor  
is zero  
 Electric field at surface of  
 a conductor can be non zero  


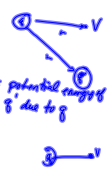
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Parallel Plate Capacitor  
 $A = \text{area of plates}$   
  
 $\sum E_{\perp} \Delta A = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} Q_{\text{enclosed}}$   
 $EA = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} Q$   
  
 $C = \frac{Q}{V} = \frac{EA}{\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} kV}$   
  
 $W = F \cdot d$   
 $\frac{W}{q} = \frac{F}{q} d$   
 $V = Ed$   
 $= \frac{EA}{\epsilon_0 k Ed}$   
 $= \frac{1}{\epsilon_0 k} \frac{A}{d}$   
 $C = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0 k} \frac{A}{d}$   
 $= \epsilon \frac{A}{d} \quad \epsilon = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0 k}$   
 Capacitance depends on  
 geometry of capacitor

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Energy to charge a capacitor  
 $U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$   
 $C = \frac{Q}{V}$   
 $= VQ$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} CV^2$   


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Potential of a point charge  
 $\phi = \frac{kq}{r} = \text{volts}$   
 $\vec{E} = \phi \vec{g}'$   
 $= \frac{kqg'}{r}$  = potential energy of q due to q'  
  
 $\frac{Gm_1m_2}{r}$   
 Electric field at r is  $E_r$  what  
 is it divided at  $2r$ ?  
 $E_r = \frac{kq}{r^2} = \frac{kq}{(2r)^2} = \frac{kq}{4r^2}$   
 Answ.  $\frac{E_r}{2} = \frac{1}{4} E_r$

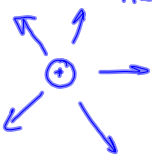
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Formula's to memorize (p.c. = point charge)


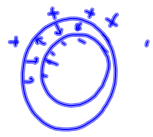
- $F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2}$  Coulomb's Law (force between p.c.s)
- $E = \frac{kq}{r^2}$  Electric field of p.c.
- $\Phi = \frac{kq}{r}$  Potential Energy between p.c.s
- $\phi = \frac{kq}{r}$  Potential of a p.c.
- $U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2$  Energy of capacitor
- $C = \frac{Q}{V}$  Def. of capacitance
- $C = \epsilon \frac{A}{d}$  Capacitance of parallel plate capacitor (area of plate separation = d)
- $u = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$  energy density of electric field  
 $\epsilon_0 = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0 k}$

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Q.  $\oplus$  Draw electric field

A. 

Q.  $\ominus$  Draw electric field

A.  

inside  $\left. \begin{matrix} + \\ + \\ + \end{matrix} \right| \left. \begin{matrix} - \\ - \\ - \end{matrix} \right|$  outside

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